



FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of ST. LOUIS

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Economic Conditions across the United States and Kentucky

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Outline of today's talk



**July 2026 FOMC
Statement +
Recent Financial
Conditions**



**Overall Economic
Activity**



**Labor Market
Conditions**

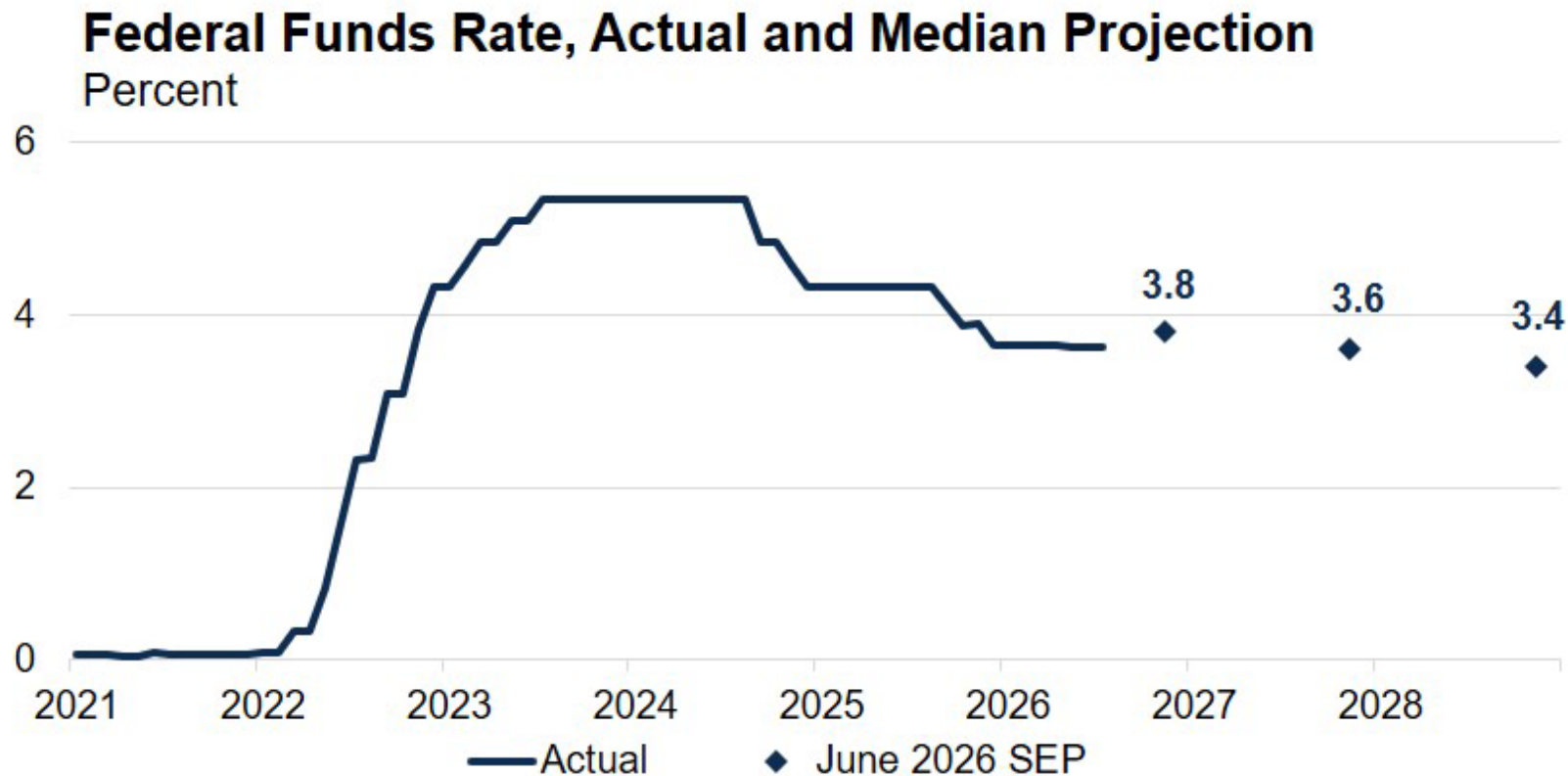


**Inflation +
Affordability**



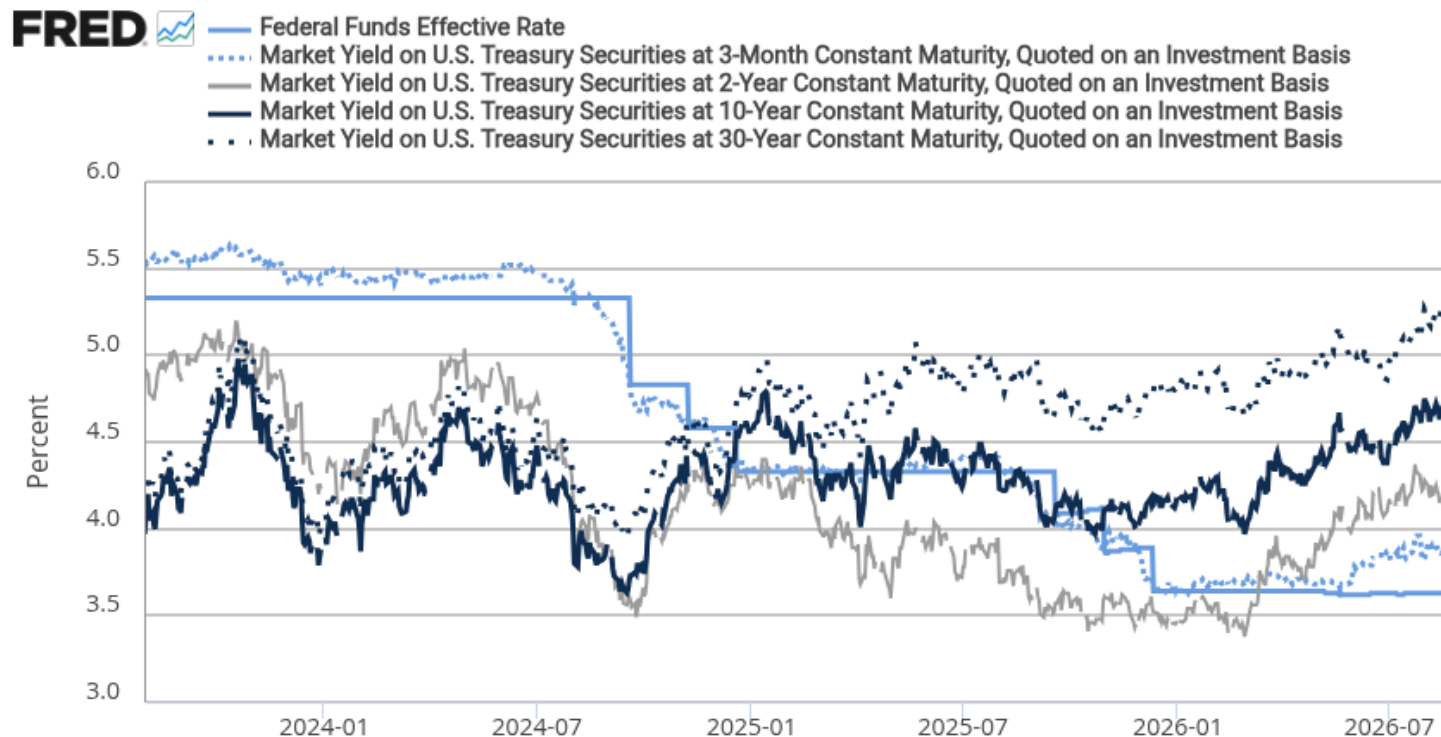
July 2026 FOMC Meeting + Recent Financial Conditions

FOMC holds policy rate unchanged through July meeting...



Source: June 2026 FOMC Summary of Economic Projections (SEP), Federal Reserve Board; Actual data through July 2026.

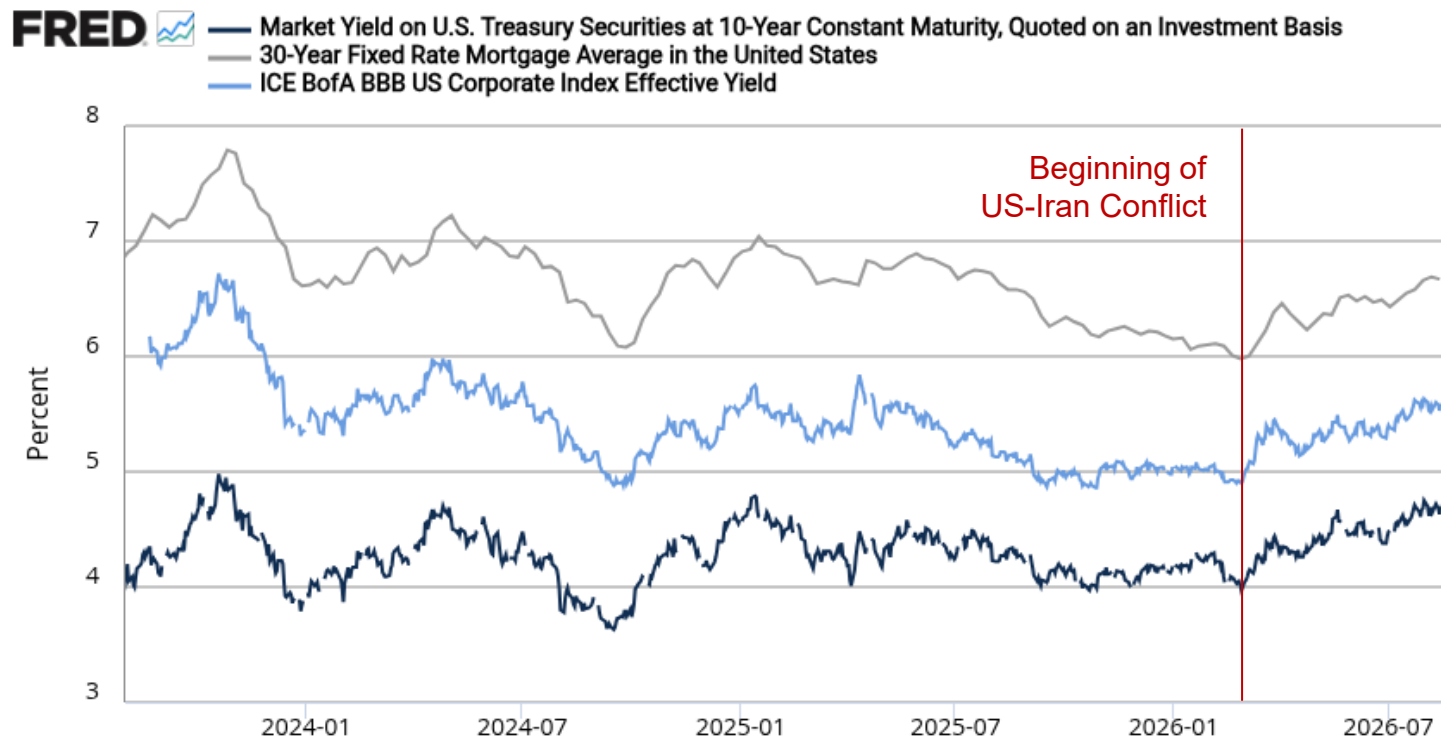
... while market rates rise



Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (US) via FRED®

Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

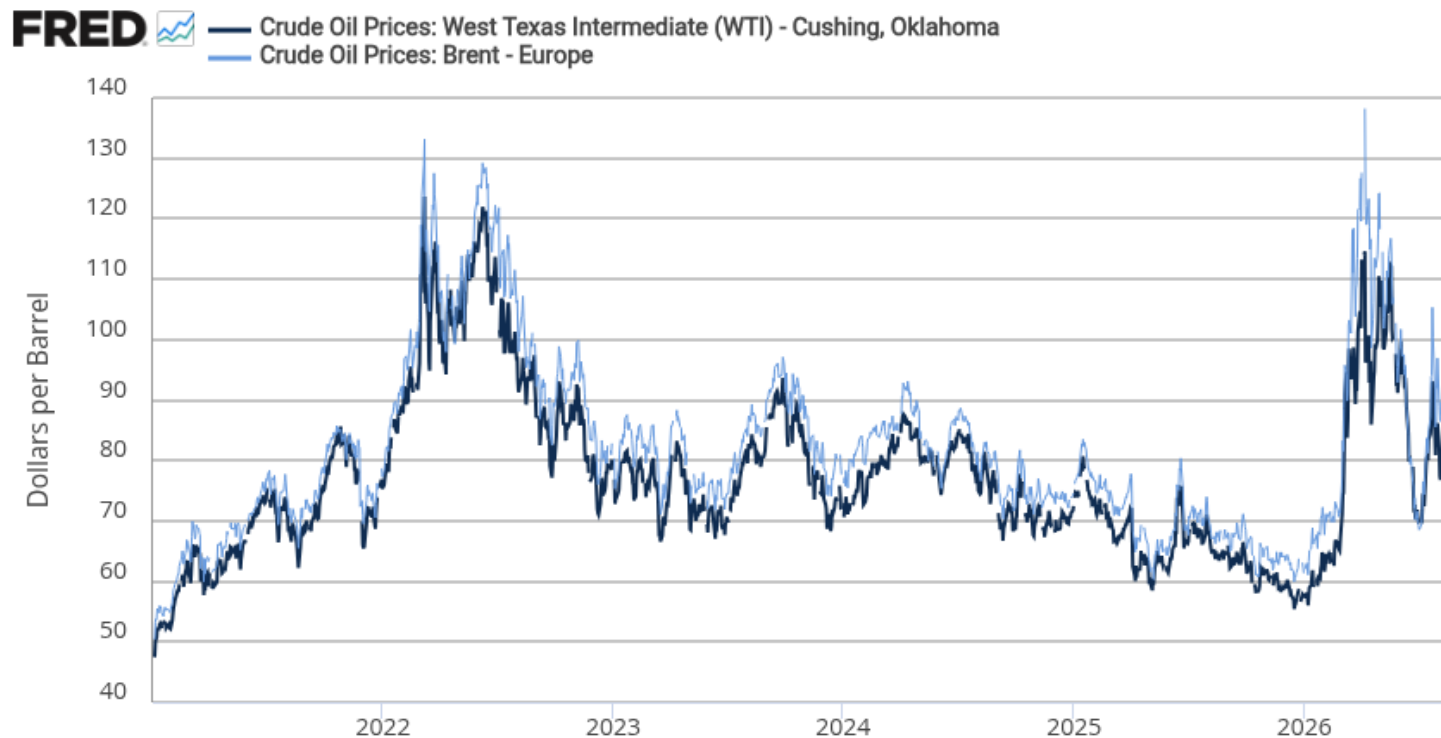
Longer-term Treasuries drive private borrowing costs



Sources: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (US); Freddie Mac; Ice Data Indices, LLC via FRED®

Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

Oil prices rise on renewed geopolitical tensions



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration via FRED®

Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

Equity values climb to new highs in August



Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC via FRED®

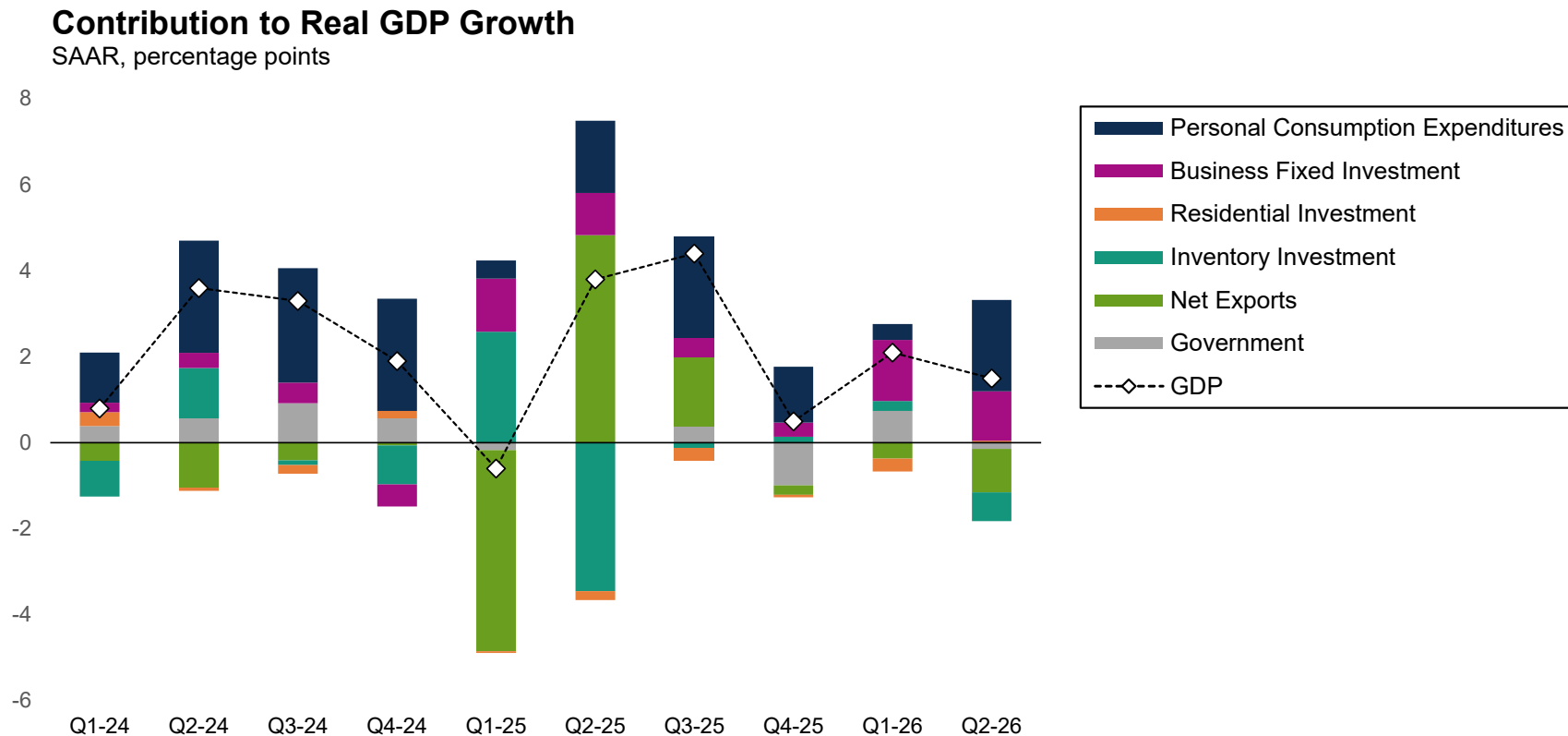
Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.



“Economic activity is expanding at a solid pace despite elevated uncertainty that owes, in part, to the conflict in the Middle East.”

- July 2026 FOMC Statement

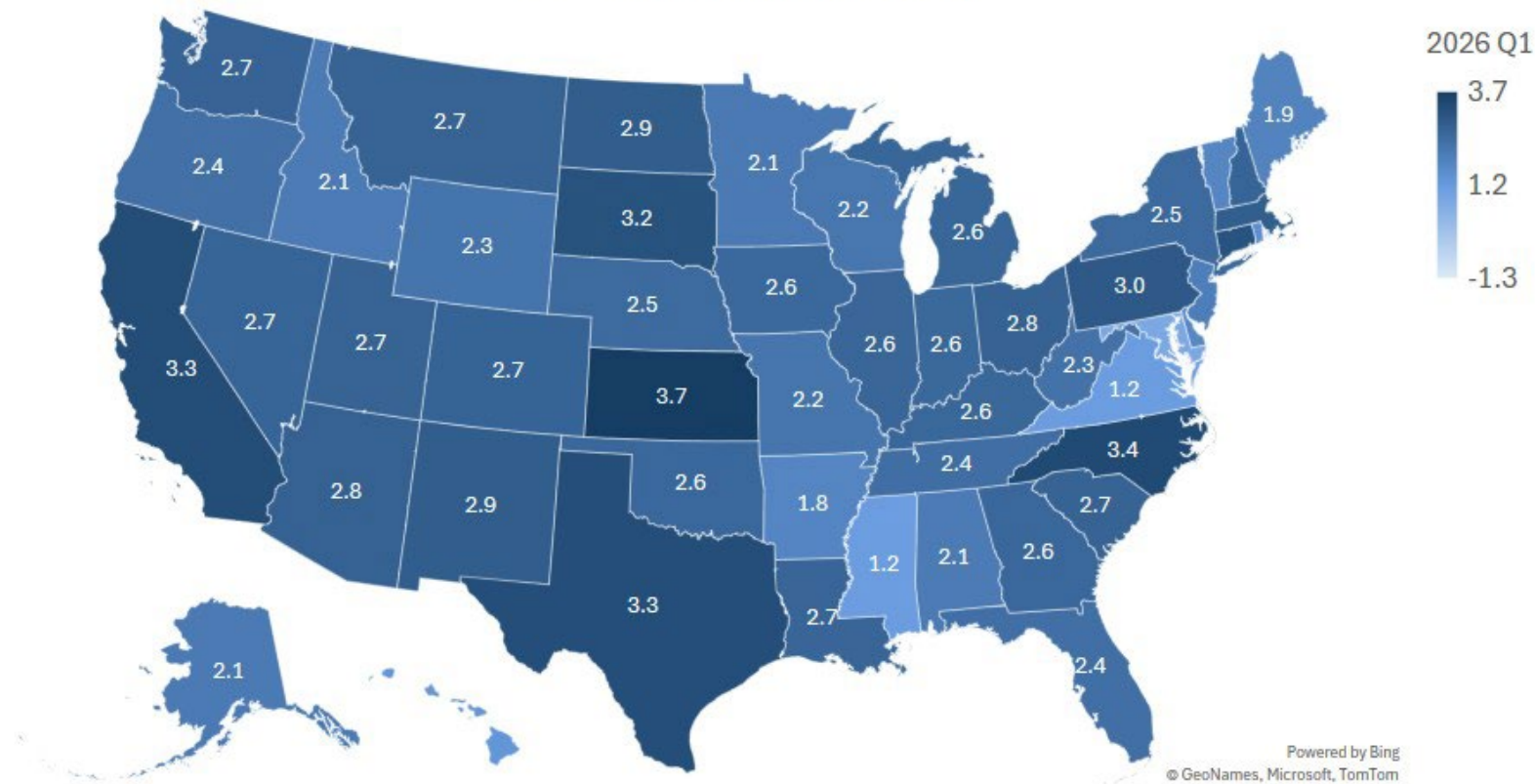
Consumer, business investment drove Q2 growth



Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

2026 Q1 Real Gross Domestic Product: All Industry Total by State

Percent Change from Year Ago (%)



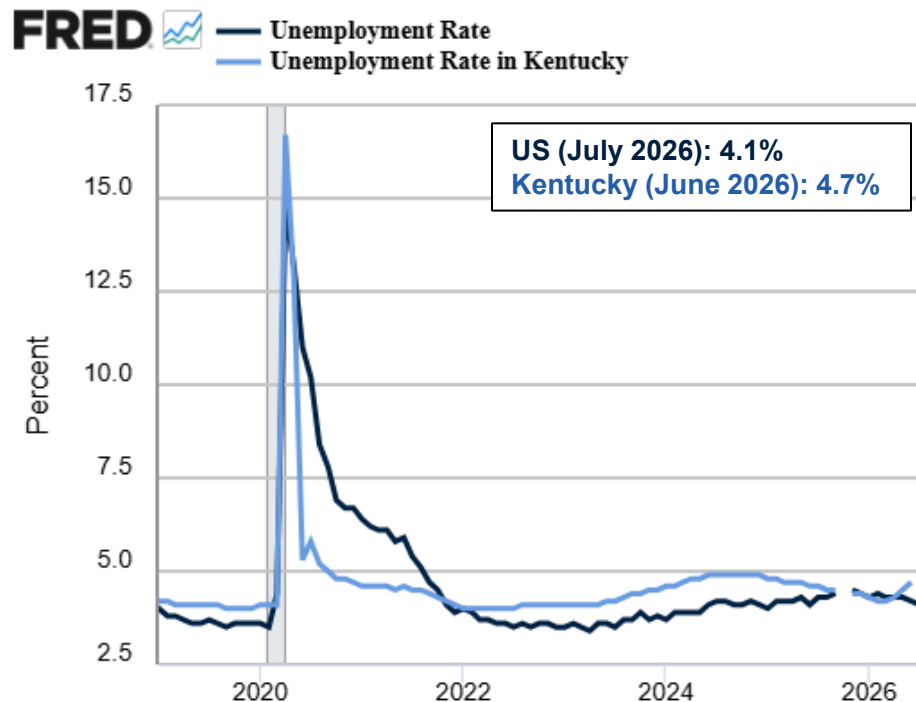
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis



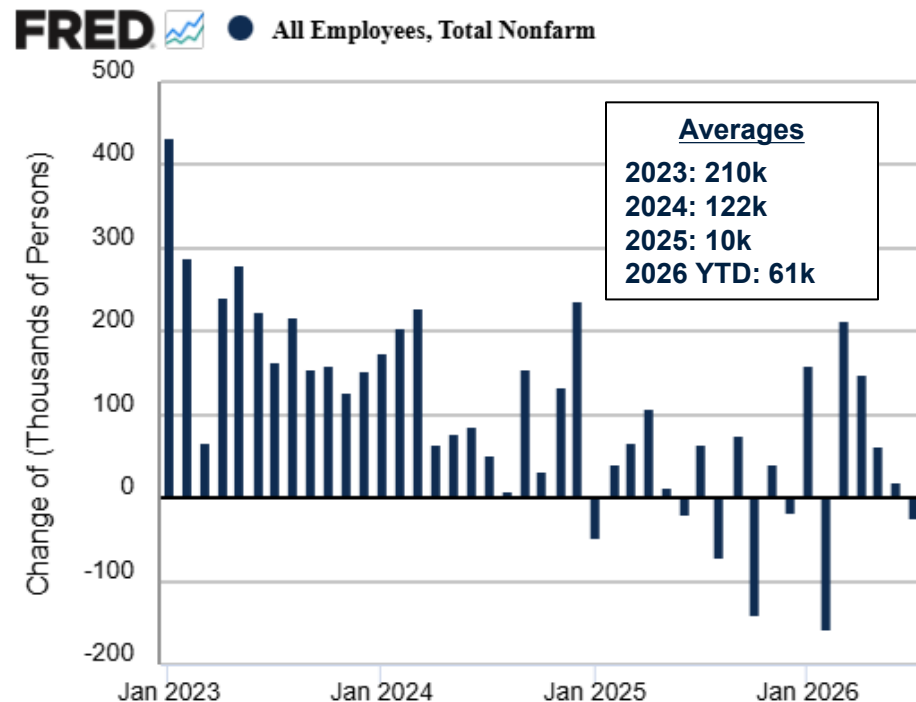
“Job gains have kept pace with the workforce,
and the unemployment rate has changed
little.”

- July 2026 FOMC Statement

US labor market conditions remain stable, on balance



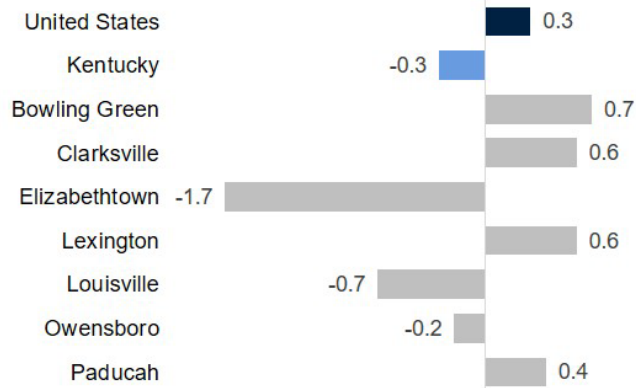
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics via FRED®



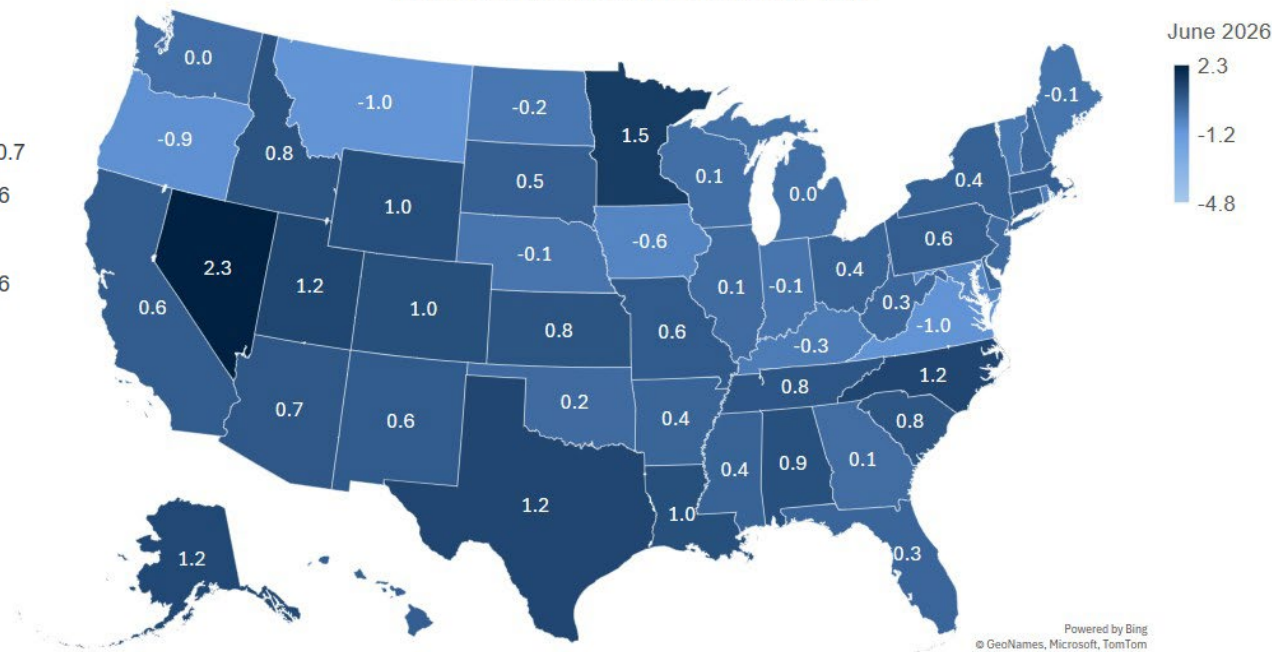
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics via FRED®

Employment growth mixed across Kentucky metros

All Employees: Total Nonfarm by MSA
June 2026 (YoY % chg)



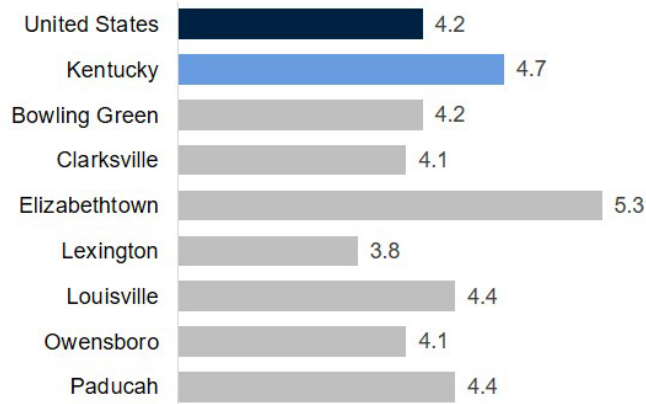
June 2026 All Employees: Total Nonfarm by State
Percent Change from Year Ago (%)



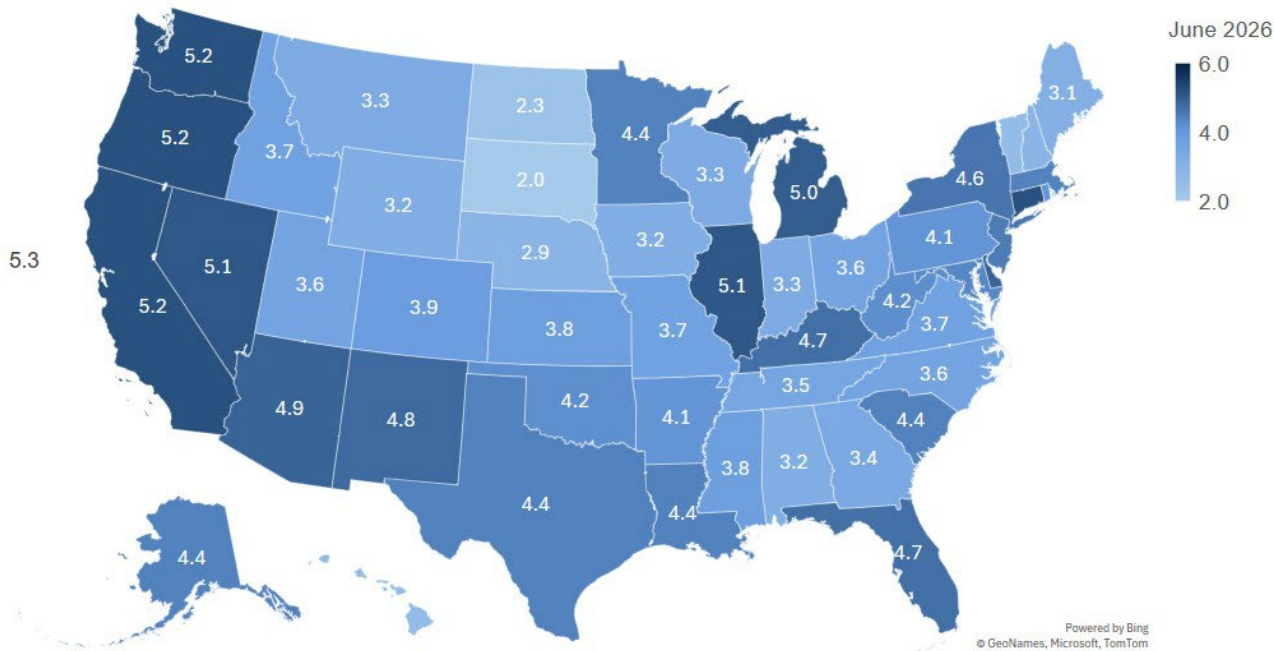
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, FRED

Kentucky unemployment rate moves above US average

Unemployment Rate by MSA
June 2026 (SA, %)



June 2026 Unemployment Rate by State
Seasonally Adjusted (%)



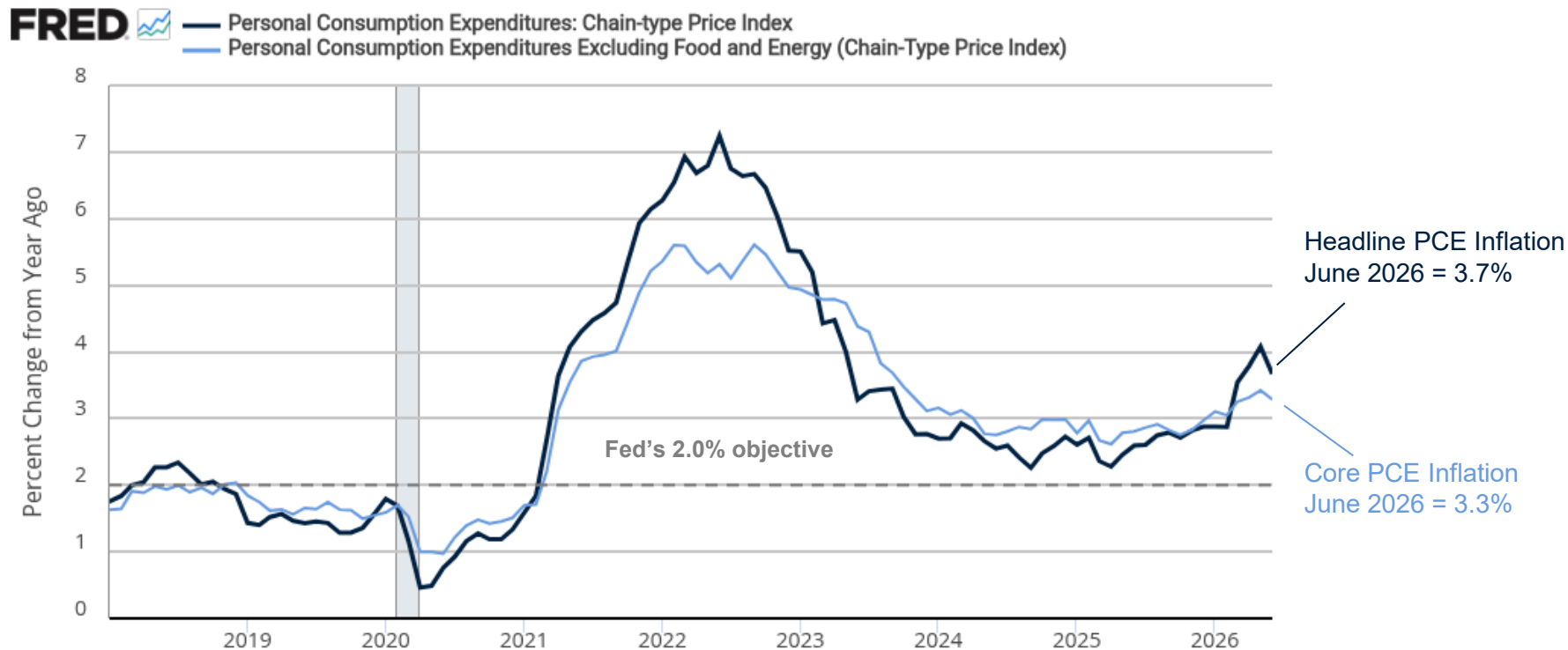
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, FRED



“Inflation remains elevated relative to the Committee's 2 percent goal, in part reflecting supply shocks that have driven price increases in certain sectors, including energy. The Committee will deliver price stability.”

- July 2026 FOMC Statement

Inflation remains above Fed's 2% target



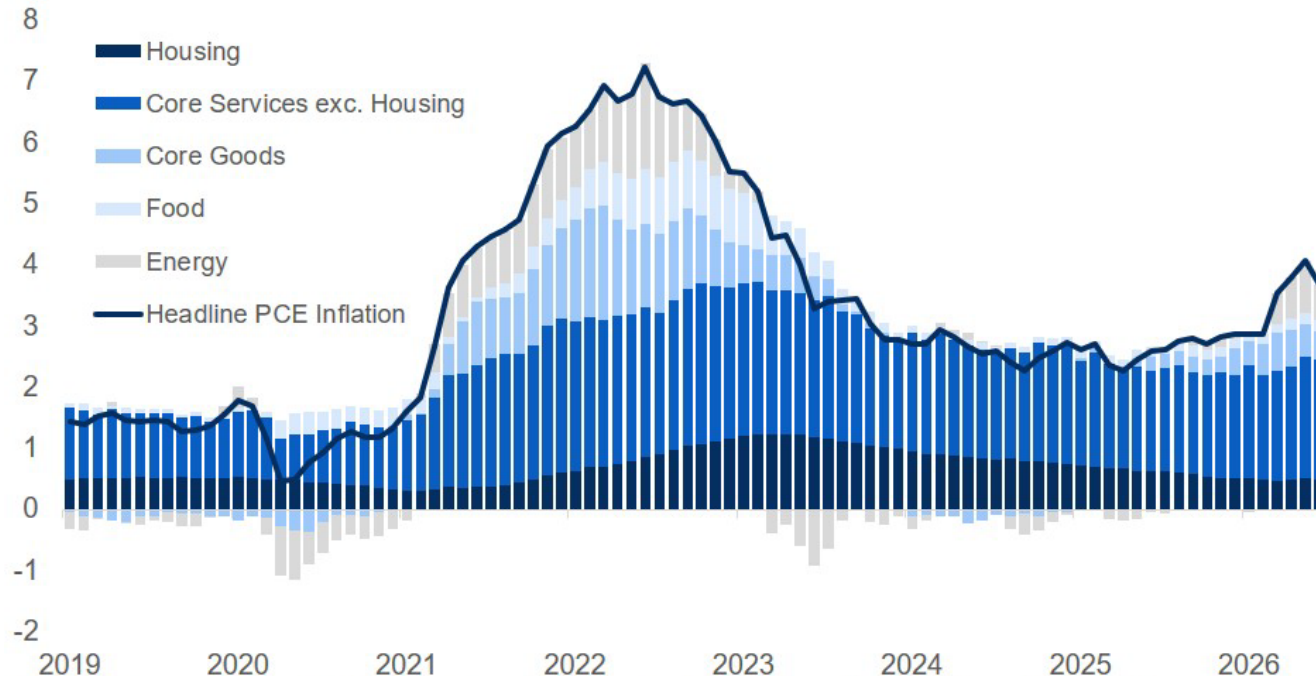
Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis via FRED®

Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

Inflation remains above Fed's 2% target

Contributions to 12-month PCE inflation

Percentage points



Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco; Data through June 2026.

Key Takeaways

- At its July 2026 meeting, the FOMC left the target for the federal funds rate unchanged at its current range of 3½% to 3¾%, where it has been since December 2025.
- Financial conditions have tightened in recent weeks as oil prices and long-term rates moved higher. Equities, however, remain elevated and supportive of economic growth via household wealth effects.
- Q2 US economic activity reflected solid gains in both consumer spending and business investment. The healthy reading on consumer spending was welcome after a soft Q1.
- On average, US labor market conditions looked stable through mid-2026. A recent uptick in the Kentucky unemployment rate bears watching.
- Focus remains on the persistent overshoot in inflation relative to target, and the FOMC's commitment to bringing inflation back to the 2% objective.

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